

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-K**

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 333-183839

**WISHBONE PET PRODUCTS INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Nevada**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**Pending**

(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)

2857 Sherwood Heights Drive, Oakville, Ontario, Canada

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (888)414-6832

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for shorter period that the registrant as required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted and electronically posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act) Yes  No

State the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the common equity was last sold, or the average bid and asked price of such common equity, as of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter.

As of June 29, 2015, the registrant had 1,500,000 shares of voting common stock that were held by non-affiliates. Based on the last sales price of the registrant's common stock of \$0.01, these non-affiliate shares have an aggregate market value of \$15,000.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

As of June 29, 2015, the registrant had 3,500,000 shares of common stock with par value \$0.001 issued and outstanding.

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## **PART I**

### **Item 1: Description of Business**

#### **FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This annual report contains forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance. These statements often can be identified by the use of terms such as “may,” “will,” “expect,” “believe,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “approximate” or “continue,” or the negative thereof. We intend that such forward-looking statements be subject to the safe harbors for such statements. We wish to caution readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. Any forward-looking statements represent management’s best judgment as to what may occur in the future. However, forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and important factors beyond our control that could cause actual results and events to differ materially from historical results of operations and events and those presently anticipated or projected. We disclaim any obligation subsequently to revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statement or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events.

All dollar amounts refer to US dollars unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Product Overview**

We intend to commence business operations by developing, manufacturing, marketing, and selling dog waste removal devices. While we were incorporated on July 30, 2009, we have only recently taken steps to proceed with our intended business plan. Our president, Rami Tabet, has designed a device concept that permits the user to enclose dog waste in a plastic bag this is contained inside of a sealed plastic case. The user can then disposed of the plastic bag without direct contact. To date, we have not manufactured or sold any dog waste removal devices. Mr. Tabet is in the process of preparing formal, graphic depictions of his dog waste removal product design, as well as the product specifications that he envisions, that will form the basis for a prototype design.

In order to continue our business plan, we need to transform our device concept into a working prototype that is suitable for mass production and then enter into an agreement with a suitable third party for manufacture. We anticipate that we will retain consultants and third parties to design a prototype for our product, as well as manufacture and package our product. We would be primarily responsible for marketing, distributing, and selling our product, though we may decide to outsource aspects of these tasks as well. We expect to incur consulting and engineering costs of approximately \$25,000 in connection with the development of a working dog waste removal device prototype and anticipate completing a suitable prototype that forms the basis for manufacturing.

In order to proceed with the manufacturing and distribution of our proposed devices, we will require approximately an additional \$250,000. From the date that we secure this financing, we anticipate that we will be able to commence selling our products and generating revenue within six months. However, this assumes that we do not encounter any delays in the prototype design and transition to manufacturing, of which there is no guarantee. Thus, we anticipate incurring approximately \$275,000 in expenses prior to the time that we expect to commence earning revenue from the sale of dog waste removal devices, assuming that our estimates are accurate.

## Emerging Growth Company Status

Because we generated less than \$1 billion in total annual gross revenues during our most recently completed fiscal year, we qualify as an “emerging growth company” under the Jumpstart Our Business Startups (“JOBS”) Act.

We will lose our emerging growth company status on the earliest occurrence of any of the following events:

1. on the last day of any fiscal year in which we earn at least \$1 billion in total annual gross revenues, which amount is adjusted for inflation every five years;
2. on the last day of the fiscal year of the issuer following the fifth anniversary of the date of our first sale of common equity securities pursuant to an effective registration statement;
3. on the date on which we have, during the previous 3-year period, issued more than \$1 billion in non-convertible debt; or
4. the date on which such issuer is deemed to be a ‘large accelerated filer’, as defined in section 240.12b–2 of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor thereto.’’

A “large accelerated filer” is an issuer that, at the end of its fiscal year, meets the following conditions:

1. it has an aggregate worldwide market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by its non-affiliates of \$700 million or more as of the last business day of the issuer’s most recently completed second fiscal quarter;
2. It has been subject to the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Act for a period of at least twelve calendar months; and
3. It has filed at least one annual report pursuant to section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Act.

As an emerging growth company, exemptions from the following provisions are available to us:

1. Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, which requires auditor attestation of internal controls;
2. Section 14A(a) and (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which require companies to hold shareholder advisory votes on executive compensation and golden parachute compensation;
3. Section 14(i) of the Exchange Act (which has not yet been implemented), which requires companies to disclose the relationship between executive compensation actually paid and the financial performance of the company;
4. Section 953(b)(1) of the Dodd-Frank Act (which has not yet been implemented), which requires companies to disclose the ratio between the annual total compensation of the CEO and the median of the annual total compensation of all employees of the companies; and
5. The requirement to provide certain other executive compensation disclosure under Item 402 of Regulation S-K. Instead, an emerging growth company must only comply with the more limited provisions of Item 402 applicable to smaller reporting companies, regardless of the issuer’s size.

Pursuant to Section 107 of the JOBS Act, an emerging growth company may choose to forgo such exemption and instead comply with the requirements that apply to an issuer that is not an emerging growth company. We have elected under this section of the JOBS Act to maintain our status as an emerging growth company and take advantage of the JOBS Act provisions relating to complying with new or revised accounting standards under Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act.

### **Market for the Product**

Dog owners are under community pressure, and often legal requirements, to remove solid waste that their pets produce in public places and on the private property of third parties during walks. Failure of an owner to retrieve dog waste may be considered a public health and can result in an owner being subject to significant fines. While many owners use various forms of plastic bags to retrieve dog waste from the ground, this places the owner in close contact with the waste, which is considered unpleasant. Our business plan is based on the premise that dog owner's will be prepared to purchase a dog waste retrieval product that allows them to collect and dispose of dog waste at a distance.

We intend to initially distribute our products in North America with a view to expanding our market focus depending on our initial success. While we have not conducted any formal study to ensure that there is a market for our product given our proposed manufacturer's suggested retail price of approximately \$30 per dog waste removal device, our initial analysis of competitive products that are currently available through large chain pet stores indicated there are no available products with comparable features to our proposed design and that existing mechanisms with and without bags (see "Existing Competitive Products" below for descriptions of these) had prices ranging from \$17.59 for products that involve close contact with the dog waste to \$58.99 for rake and handled scooping mechanisms. Based on these prices and the features of our proposed product, in management's sole opinion, we believe that our pricing is reasonable for providing for a sufficient market for our product in North America.

Our ability to market our dog waste removal devices in North America will be adversely impacted by the fragmented and competitive nature of the pet products industry. The sector includes large entities that mass produce products for pets, as well as many boutique manufacturers that produce small batches of dog waste removal products and related accessories, such as plastic waste bags.

While the principal competitive factors in dog waste removal are product design and effectiveness, pricing and availability of the product and geographic coverage are also critical. We will compete with many local, regional and national purveyors of pet products that offer multiple consumer items to pet and department stores and can therefore command better product placement. Most of our competitors have greater financial resources and may be able to withstand sales or price decreases better than we will. We also expect to continue to face competition from new market entrants. We may be unable to compete effectively with these existing or new competitors, which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

### **Product Design**

Our proposed product would allow dog owners to collect dog waste with a simple one-handed operation from a distance of approximately three feet. The apparatus would consist of a plastic handle which the owner holds, a three foot straight piece of plastic that joins the handle to a plastic case, and the sealed plastic case that would collect the dog waste. A lever mechanism at the base of the handle would allow the owner to open and close the sealed plastic case.

Prior to taking a dog for a walk, the owner would insert a plastic, elastic-edge, liner bag in the sealed plastic case. To use the device, the owner would position the unit, with the plastic case open, over the dog waste to be collected. He or she would then press the handle lever in order to close the plastic case. The plastic case mechanism would then seal the waste inside of the liner bag, which would automatically be sealed upon closure. When the owner wishes to dispose of the liner bag full of waste in a garbage receptacle, he or she would simply move the lever and the waste-filled bag would drop.

We would also develop, manufacture, and sell replacement liner bags that are specially designed to fit the dog waste removal device. We intend to offer standard bags composed of polyethylene film with an elastic edge, as well as biodegradable bags made of water soluble film.

We anticipate that we will retain consultants and third parties to design a prototype for our product, as well as manufacture and package our product. We would be primarily responsible for marketing, distributing, and selling our product, though we may decide to outsource aspects of these tasks as well.

### **Existing Competitive Products**

While various companies offer dog waste retrieval products, we are not aware of any that have all of the features of our proposed product. Current dog waste removal products fall into one of the following categories:

#### 1. Mechanisms with bags

Products in this group use a mechanism in conjunction with a bag to collect, carry, and dispose of dog waste. Such products require the user to seal the bag by hand and many require the user to manually dispose of the bag. In practice these products are difficult to manipulate effectively and the manner of operation results in incomplete retrieval of the waste or unintended smearing of waste on the device. As well, such devices still require the dog owner to be in close proximity of the dog waste.

#### 2. Mechanisms without bags

Products in this group use some type of mechanism to collect, carry, and dispose of dog waste. While these products suffer the same disadvantages as the products in the first group, the primary disadvantage of these products is that they tend to gather dog waste residue and therefore require periodic cleaning. This group also includes rakes and shovels.

#### 3. Modified bags

Products in this group include paper or plastic bags that have features added, such as cardboard or stiff plastic, to keep the users hand from directly touching the dog waste and make it less distasteful to pick up dog waste. These products are often bulky and awkward, making transport and handling quite difficult. Moreover, these products can present difficult cleaning problems and require the dog owner to be in close proximity of the dog waste. Accordingly, such products can be considered objectionable from an aesthetic and functional standpoint.

#### 4. Bags

This group consists of ordinary plastic bags, which are slightly modified or not modified at all. Modified bags include scented bags, biodegradable bags, and bags with built-in ties. While use of a plastic bag is the most commonly employed means for cleaning up dog waste and is the least expensive, it is also one of the most objectionable. The user must come into direct tactile and olfactory contact with the dog waste. In addition, the bag requires careful handling until a suitable waste receptacle is located.

We intend to design a dog waste retrieval device that overcome the disadvantages of these existing products in order to achieve a competitive advantage. Our business strategy is based on the view that dog owners will be willing to pay for a dog waste removal product that allows them to avoid close contact with the waste.

## Sales and Marketing Strategy

Assuming that we are successful in designing a dog waste removal device prototype and manufacturing such a product for distribution and sale, our proposed marketing strategy is to simply and succinctly explain our product to our target market, dog owners. We expect that our marketing strategy will be most successful if we are able to visually demonstrate the use of our product and also verbally explain its advantages. To this end, we would likely engage in retail product demonstrations at retail locations, develop commercials for presentation on cable television, and develop a website that includes video footage depicting the use of our dog waste removal product. We expect that we will outsource product demonstrations at retail locations and the development of commercials to consultants that conduct business in North America. As well, we intend to package our product in a fashion that allows potential consumers to try the product by moving its lever in order to open and close the seal plastic case that is intended to collect dog waste.

We expect to begin implementation of our sales and marketing strategy concurrently with the device manufacturing process. This will include the following components:

1. Website design with an estimated cost of \$5,000;
2. Product packaging design with an estimated cost of \$25,000;
3. Product demonstrations with an estimated cost of \$20,000.

These marketing costs are included in our manufacturing budget. Due to the cost of producing and airing a television advertisement, estimated to be \$100,000 for production and about \$50,000 for a modest advertising campaign, we will defer these costs until we begin generating revenue from product sales and perform a detailed cost-benefit analysis of the likely impact of television advertising.

We intend to sell our dog waste removal product and liner bags through distribution arrangements with pet stores of various sizes, as well as general retailers, which include supermarkets, discount stores, and large chain stores. We are subject to the risk that large, high-profile, retailers could exert substantial pressure on us due to their size and the small contribution that our products would likely have to their financial success. Because of this difference in market influence, such retailers would have leverage over the pricing of our products, inventory and product return policies, as well as product specifications. This could either reduce the retail price of our products and thereby reduce our margins, or limit the types of stores at which our products are available for sale.

We hope to enter into agreements with both regional and national pet product distributors, though there is no guarantee that we will be successful in reaching such arrangements. Currently, our plan is to locate and contact North American distributors through the Pet Industry Distributors Association for product that we intend to sell through third party retail locations. Because of the ability of pet product distributors to consolidate freight costs, interact with retailers regarding various pet products, handle credit and collections, and enjoy lower storage costs, we anticipate incurring fewer costs than if we managed distribution ourselves. We may also outsource our website sales to an independent pet product distributor if we are able to reach an arrangement with a distributor that is economically viable. If we decide to directly control product distribution, we will incur costs related to taking and processing product orders from retailers; shipping and warehousing costs; credit, collections, and in-house accounting fees.



We will also sell our products on a company website, though we will commit to any distributors and retailers that we will not sell our products through our website for less than the manufacturer's suggested retail price, which we expect to be approximately \$30 for the device and approximately \$7 for a box of 50 replacement bags. We currently project that each dog waste removal device will cost us approximately \$4.80 to manufacture and that each box of replacement bags will cost approximately \$1.50 to manufacture. However, because we have not completed a prototype of our device that is amenable to mass production, these figures are subject to revision.

### **Government Regulation**

While most pet product regulation relates to food and treats, we will have to comply with laws relating to product labeling, the truth and accuracy of product claims, and general safety requirements for consumer products.

We will be required to comply with the National Institute of Standards and Technology's Handbook of Uniform Packaging and Labeling Regulations and the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act that enumerates measurement and labeling requirements for products. This will be particularly applicable to our liner bag packages, which must accurately state the number of bags in each box.

We must also ensure that we are able to substantiate the truth of any claims that we make regarding the performance of our product in order to comply with the requirements for consumer products that the Federal Trade Commission establishes. We must also demonstrate that our product is safe for use in accordance with the requirements of the Consumer Products Safety Commission.

We do not anticipate that our cost of compliance with applicable government regulations will be material.

### **Subsidiaries**

We do not have any subsidiaries.

### **Patents and Trademarks**

We do not own, either legally or beneficially, any patents or trademarks. Once we have completed an operating prototype of our dog waste removal device, we anticipate that we will seek patent protection for its design. As well, once we have selected a name for our device, we will attempt to register a trademark in order to protect the name.

### **Governmental and Industry Regulations**

We will be subject to federal and state laws and regulations that relate directly or indirectly to our operations including federal securities laws. We will also be subject to common business and tax rules and regulations pertaining to the operation of our business.

### **Research and Development Activities and Costs**

We have not spent any funds on research and development activities to date.

**Compliance with Environmental Laws**

Our current operations are not subject to any environmental laws.

**Facilities**

We do not own or rent facilities of any kind. We plan to conduct our operations from the office of our president until we are in a position to commence and expand operations.

**Employees**

We have commenced only limited operations, and therefore currently have no employees other than our sole officer and director.

**Item 1A: Risk Factors**

Not applicable.

**Item 1B: Unresolved Staff Comments**

None.

**Item 2: Properties**

We do not own any real property interest. Our offices are located at 2857 Sherwood Heights Drive, Oakville, Ontario.

**Item 3: Legal Proceedings**

We are not currently a party to any legal proceedings. Our address for service of process in Nevada is 50 West Liberty Street, Suite 880, Reno, Nevada, 89501.

**Item 4: Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not applicable.

## **PART II**

### **Item 5: Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.**

#### **Market Information**

Our shares of common stock are not quoted for trading on any recognized stock exchange or quotation system. There are no warrants, options, or convertible securities outstanding by which any person has the right to acquire any additional shares of our common stock. As of the date of this annual report we have 31 shareholders of record.

Our shares of common stock are not currently available for resale to the public in accordance with the volume and trading limitations of Rule 144 of the Act because we are a shell company. Our president and sole director, Rami Tabet, cannot rely on Rule 144 for the resale of our common stock until the following have occurred:

1. we have ceased to be a shell company;
2. we are subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act;
3. we have filed all Exchange Act reports required for the past 12 months; and
4. a minimum of one year has elapsed since we filed current Form 10 information on Form 8-K changing our status from a shell company to a non-shell company.

When Rule 144 is available, our affiliate stockholder shall be entitled to sell within any three month period a number of shares that does not exceed the greater of:

1. 1% of the number of shares of the company's common stock then outstanding; or
2. the average weekly trading volume of the company's common stock during the four calendar weeks preceding the filing of a notice on Form 144 with respect to the sale.

Sales under Rule 144 are also subject to manner of sale provisions and notice requirements and to the availability of current public information about the company.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

We have never paid or declared any dividends on our common stock and do not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

#### **SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUANCE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS**

We currently do not have any equity compensation plans.

#### **PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY THE REGISTRANT AND AFFILIATED PURCHASERS**

No purchases of any of our registered equity securities have been made by us, on our behalf, or by any affiliated purchaser during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year covered by this annual report.

## **Item 6: Selected Financial Data**

Not Applicable.

## **Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our financial statements, including the notes thereto, appearing elsewhere in this annual report. The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in the forward looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to those discussed below and elsewhere in this annual report. Our audited financial statements are stated in United States Dollars and are prepared in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

### **Results of Operations**

We have not earned any revenue from our incorporation on July 30, 2009 to April 30, 2015. During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015, we incurred net losses of \$24,534 (2014: \$24,346) consisting of \$11,100 in professional fees (2014: \$12,600), \$8,456 in general and administrative expenses (2014: \$8,007), and \$4,978 in interest expense (2014: \$3,740). Compared to our net loss in fiscal 2014 of \$24,346, our losses in the current fiscal year were slightly higher primarily due to the increase in interest expense.

We have not attained profitable operations and are dependent upon obtaining financing to complete our proposed business plan. For these reasons our auditors believe that there is substantial doubt that we will be able to continue as a going concern.

Our financial statements have been prepared assuming that we will continue as a going concern and, accordingly, do not include adjustments relating to the recoverability and realization of assets and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should we be unable to continue in operation.

### **LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

As of April 30, 2015, our current assets consisted of \$1,001 in cash and our total liabilities were \$71,067, which consisted of loans payable of \$48,000 and accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$23,067. We expect we will require additional capital to meet our long term operating requirements. We expect to raise additional capital through, among other things, the sale of equity or debt securities.

#### **Cash Flows from Operating Activities**

We have not generated positive cash flows from operating activities. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015, net cash flows used in operating activities were (\$10,229) consisting of our net loss for the period, adjusted for accounts payable that did not impact our cash flow.

#### **Cash Flows from Financing Activities**

We have financed our operations primarily from either advancements or the issuance of equity and debt instruments. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015, net cash from financing activities was \$16,000, which consisted of loans (\$11,000) and a share subscription (\$5,000).

## Plan of Operation

Our plan of operation for the twelve month period following the date of this annual report is to create a prototype of our dog waste removal device based on the initial design specifications that our president has delineated. We intend to accomplish these goals by either retaining a product sourcing consultant or working directly with a prototype development engineering firm. To date, we have identified potential consultants and prototype development firms, but we have not entered into any contractual relationships with any of them.

The specific business milestones that we hope to achieve are as follows:

- our president, Rami Tabet, intends to prepare formal, graphic depictions of the dog waste removal product, as well as the product specifications that he envisions, that will form the basis of the prototype design;
- Mr. Tabet will contact various product sourcing consultants and prototype development engineering firms in order to determine which companies can design a prototype of the dog waste retrieval device, the anticipated time-frame for development, and the expected cost;
- we expect to execute a prototype development agreement with a third party and then provide all necessary information for that company to proceed with the prototype creation;
- In conjunction with the prototype development company, we expect to create, revise as necessary, and finalize a prototype of the dog waste removal device for potential mass manufacture. This will include ongoing collaboration between us and the prototype development company, prototype testing, any redesign requirements.

We expect to incur the following costs in the next 12 months in connection with our prototype design:

Consulting and engineering costs:	\$	25,000
General and administrative costs:	\$	10,000
Total:	\$	<u>35,000</u>

It is possible that actual consulting and engineering costs will exceed our estimates. As well, our current cash on hand is not sufficient to meet our anticipated obligations for the next twelve-month period. We intend to raise additional funding either through the sale of our common stock to investors or through loans from our director. However, we do not have any commitments in this regard. If we are unable to raise the required financing, we will be delayed in conducting our business plan.

## Material Commitments

As of the date of this annual report, we do not have any material commitments.

## Purchase of Significant Equipment

We do not intend to purchase any significant equipment during the next twelve months.

**Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

As of the date of this annual report, we do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to investors.

**Going Concern**

The independent auditors' report accompanying our April 30, 2015 and 2014 financial statements contains an explanatory paragraph expressing substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements have been prepared assuming that we will continue as a going concern, which contemplates that we will realize our assets and satisfy our liabilities and commitments in the ordinary course of business.

**Item 7A: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

Not applicable.

**Item 8: Financial Statements and Supplementary Data**

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June 10, 2015

Board of Directors  
Wishbone Pet Products Inc.  
38<sup>th</sup> Street, New Sehaile  
Beirut, Lebanon 5615

Dear Board Members:

I have audited the financial statements of Wishbone Pet Products Inc. for the years ended April 30, 2015 and 2014 and have issued my report thereon dated June 10, 2015. Professional standards require that I provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing my audit. I have communicated such information in my letter to you dated June 10, 2015. Professional standards also require that I communicate to you the following information related to my audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Wishbone Pet Products Inc. are described in Note 3 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during fiscal 2015. I noted no transactions entered by the organization during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statements users.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

I encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing my audit.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to my satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. I am pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of my audit.

Management Representations

I have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated June 10, 2015.

Sincerely,

/s/ George Stewart  
George Stewart, CPA



**WISHBONE PET PRODUCTS INC.**

**BALANCE SHEETS**

	<u>April 30, 2015</u>	<u>April 30, 2014</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash	\$ 1,011	\$ 4,240
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<u>\$ 1,011</u>	<u>\$ 4,240</u>
<b>LIABILITIES &amp; SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY</b>		
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Accounts payable & Accrued liabilities	\$ 23,067	\$ 17,762
Loans payable	48,000	37,000
	<u>71,067</u>	<u>54,762</u>
<b>SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY</b>		
Capital stock authorized: 200,000,000 common shares with a par value \$0.001		
Issued and outstanding: 3,500,000 common shares		
Capital stock	\$ 3,500	\$ 3,500
Shares Subscribed	5,000	
Additional paid-in capital	13,500	13,500
Deficit accumulated during the developmental stage	(92,056)	(67,522)
	<u>(70,056)</u>	<u>(50,522)</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES &amp; SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY</b>	<u>\$ 1,011</u>	<u>\$ 4,240</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**WISHBONE PET PRODUCTS INC.**  
**INCOME STATEMENTS**  
**For the years ended April 30, 2015 and 2014**

	For the year ended April 30,	
	2015	2014
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>		
Professional fees	\$ 11,100	\$ 12,600
General & administrative expenses	<u>8,456</u>	<u>8,007</u>
<b>TOTAL EXPENSES</b>	19,556	20,607
<b>OPERATING LOSS</b>	<u>\$ (19,556)</u>	<u>\$ (20,607)</u>
<b>OTHER EXPENSES</b>		
Interest on loans	4,978	3,740
<b>OTHER INCOME</b>		
Interest income	<u>-</u>	<u>1</u>
<b>NET INCOME/(LOSS)</b>	<u>\$ (24,534)</u>	<u>\$ (24,346)</u>
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	<u>\$ (0.007)</u>	<u>\$ (0.007)</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding basic and diluted	<u>3,500,000</u>	<u>3,500,000</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**WISHBONE PET PRODUCTS INC.**

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY**

	Common Stock 200,000,000 shares authorized		Shares Subscribed	Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Shareholder's Equity
	Shares Issued	Par Value \$.001 per share				
Balance, April 30, 2013	3,500,000	\$ 3,500	\$ -	\$ 13,500	\$ (43,176)	\$ (26,176)
Net income/loss					(24,346)	(24,346)
Balance, April 30, 2014	3,500,000	\$ 3,500	\$ -	\$ 13,500	\$ (67,522)	\$ (50,522)
Shares subscribed at \$0.02			5,000			5,000
Net income/loss					(24,534)	(24,534)
Balance, April 30, 2015	3,500,000	\$ 3,500	\$ 5,000	\$ 13,500	\$ (92,056)	\$ (70,056)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**WISHBONE PET PRODUCTS INC.**

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

	For the year ended April 30,	
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Net income/(loss)	\$ (24,534)	\$ (24,346)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash:		
Changes in current assets and liabilities:		
Accounts payable	<u>5,305</u>	<u>2,382</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (19,229)	\$ (21,964)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ -	\$ -
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock	\$ -	\$ -
Shares subscribed	5,000	
Proceeds from loans payable	<u>11,000</u>	<u>20,000</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$ 16,000	\$ 20,000
Net cash flows from operations	\$ (3,229)	\$ (1,964)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	<u>\$ 4,240</u>	<u>\$ 6,204</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 1,011</u>	<u>\$ 4,240</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**WISHBONE PET PRODUCTS INC.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statement**  
**April 30, 2015**

Note 1 Nature and Continuance of Operations

Wishbone Pet Products Inc. was incorporated in the State of Nevada on July 30, 2009. The Company has been in the development stage since its formation and has not realized any revenues from its planned operations. The Company is primarily engaged in the business of developing, manufacturing, marketing and selling dog waste removal devices.

The Company has chosen an April 30 fiscal year end.

Note 2 Basis of Presentation – Going Concern Uncertainties

These financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern. The Company is at its early stages of development and has limited operations, and has sustained operating losses resulting in a deficit.

The Company has accumulated a deficit of \$92,056 since inception, has yet to achieve profitable operations and further losses are anticipated in the development of its business. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is in substantial doubt and is dependent upon obtaining financing and/or achieving a sustainable profitable level of operations. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. The Company may seek additional equity as necessary and it expects to raise funds through private or public equity investment or loans from directors of the Company in order to support existing operations. There is no assurance that such additional funds will be available for the Company on acceptable terms, if at all.

Note 3 Summary of Principal Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation

The accompanying financial statements are stated in US dollars and have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Management makes its best estimate of the ultimate outcome for these items based on historical trends and other information available when the financial statements are prepared. Changes in estimates are recognized in accordance with the accounting rules for the estimate, which is typically in the period when new information becomes available to management. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Income Taxes

The Company follows the guideline under ASC Topic 740 “Income Taxes which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences in future years of differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at each period end based on enacted tax laws and statutory tax rates, applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. Since the Company is in the developmental stage and has losses, no deferred tax asset or income taxes have been recorded in the financial statements.

### Financial instruments

The Company’s financial instruments consist of cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and their carrying values approximate fair value because of their short-term nature. Management is of the opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

### Fair value measurements

The Company follows the guidelines in ASC Topic 820 “Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures”. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities, which are required to be recorded at fair value, the Company considers the principal or most advantageous market in which the Company would transact and the market-based risk measurements or assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, such as inherent risk, transfer restrictions and credit risk.

The Company applies the following fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value into three levels and bases the categorization within the hierarchy upon the lowest level of input that is available and significant to the fair value measurement:

Level 1 — Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 — Observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3—inputs are generally unobservable and typically reflect management’s estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The fair values are therefore determined using model-based techniques, including option pricing models and discounted cash flow models.

ASC Topic 820, in and of itself, does not require any fair value measurements. As at January 31, 2015, the Company did not have assets or liabilities subject to fair value measurement.

#### Loss per share

The Company reports basic loss per share in accordance with ASC Topic 260 “Earnings Per Share” (“EPS”). Basic loss per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and diluted EPS is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and dilutive common stock equivalents. Basic EPS is computed by dividing net loss (numerator) applicable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding (denominator) for the period. There are no potentially dilutive securities outstanding and therefore, diluted earnings per share are not presented. All per share and per share information are adjusted retroactively to reflect stock splits and changes in par value.

#### Concentration of credit risk

The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with a high credit quality financial institution. The Company maintains United States Dollars at a bank in Romania that are not insured. The Company minimizes its credit risks associated with cash by periodically evaluating the credit quality of its primary financial institution.

#### Recently issued accounting pronouncements

In June 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2014-10 “Development Stage Entities. (Topic 915), Elimination of Certain Financial Reporting Requirements. The amendments in ASU 2014-10 remove the definition of a development stage entity from the Master Glossary of the Accounting Standards Codification, thereby removing the financial reporting distinction between development stage entities and other reporting entities from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”). In addition, the amendments eliminate the requirements for development stage entities to: (i) present inception-to-date information in the statements of income, cash flows, and shareholder equity; (ii) label the financial statements as those of a development stage entity; (iii) disclose a description of the development stage activities in which the entity is engaged; and (iv) disclose in the first year in which the entity is no longer a development stage entity that in prior years it had been in the development stage. The presentation and disclosure requirements in ASC Topic 915, “Development Stage Entities” are no longer required for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014. The revised consolidation standards will take effect in annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, however, early adoption is permitted. The Company has adopted the provisions of ASU 2014-10 for these financial statements.

The Company adopts new pronouncements relating to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to the Company as they are issued, which may be in advance of their effective date. Management does not believe that any pronouncement not yet effective but recently issued by the FASB (including its Emerging Issues Task Force), the AICPA or the SEC would, if adopted, have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

Note 4 Notes payable

On December 31, 2012, the Company entered into a note payable in the amount of \$17,000. This note is due within 30 days following written demand and bears a monthly interest rate of 1% (12% per annum) commencing January 1, 2013. As at April 30, 2015, the total principal and interest accrued was \$21,760.

On August 13, 2013, the Company entered into a note payable in the amount of \$20,000. This note is due within 30 days following written demand and bears a monthly interest rate of 1% (12% per annum). As at April 30, 2015, the total principal and interest accrued was \$24,100.

On December 12, 2014, the Company entered into a note payable in the amount of \$11,000. This note is due within 30 days following written demand and bears a monthly interest rate of 1% (12% per annum) commencing December 04, 2014. As at April 30, 2015, the total principal and interest accrued was \$11,538.

Note 5 Common Shares

During the year ended April 30, 2015, the Company received \$5,000 from investors for 250,000 common shares of the Company valued at \$0.02 per share. These shares have not yet been issued.

Note 6 Subsequent events

The Company evaluated all events or transaction that occurred after April 30, 2015 up through date the Company issued these financial statements and found no subsequent events that needed to be reported.



## **Item 9: Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure**

None.

### **Item 9A(T): Controls and Procedures**

#### A. Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As required by paragraph (b) of Rules 13a-15 or 15d-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) for the period covered by this annual report as of our fiscal year end, April 30, 2015. Based on this evaluation, this officer concluded that as of the end of the period, these disclosure controls and procedures were adequate to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by us in reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission and include controls and procedures designed to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

An evaluation was conducted under the supervision and with the participation of our management of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of April 30, 2015. Based on that evaluation, our management concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of such date to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms. Such officer also confirmed that there was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the fiscal year that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### B. Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over our financial reporting. In order to evaluate the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, as required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, management has conducted an assessment, including testing, using the criteria in the Internal Control - Integrated Framework, issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO").

Our system of internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements.

Based on our evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our internal controls over financial reporting were not effective as of April 30, 2015 and were subject to material weaknesses.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. We have identified the following material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting using the criteria established in the COSO:

1. Failing to have an audit committee or other independent committee that is independent of management to assess internal control over financial reporting; and
2. Failing to have a director that qualifies as an audit committee financial expert as defined in Item 407(d)(5)(ii) of Regulation S-K.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. In addition, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions and that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

This annual report does not include an attestation report of our independent registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Our internal control over financial reporting was not subject to attestation by our independent registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the SEC that permit us to provide only management's report in this annual report.

#### C. Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015, our internal control over financial reporting was not subject to changes.

#### **Item 9B: Other Information**

None.

### **PART III**

#### **Item 10: Directors, Executive Officers, and Corporate Governance**

##### **Directors, Executive Officers, Promoters and Control Persons**

The name, address and position of our present officers and directors are set forth below:

<b><u>Name</u></b>	<b><u>Position(s)</u></b>
Rami Tabet Age: 28	President, Principal Executive Officer, Secretary, Treasurer, Principal Financial Officer, Principal Accounting Officer and member of the Board of Directors.

##### **Biographical Information and Background of Officer and Director**

Rami Tabet has acted as our sole director and officer since January 31, 2012. He has attended College Saint-Joseph Beirut, Hostos College New York, and the American University of Beirut. Mr. Tabet also holds a Master of Business Administration from the Lebanese-Canadian University of Beirut. From January 2011 to December 2012, Mr. Tabet acted as assistant manager with Omnipharma Sal, an importer and distributor of pharmaceutical products that is based in Beirut, Lebanon. Since January 2012, he has been employed as an independent business consultant that specializes in raising mezzanine financing for his clients. Mr. Tabet intends to devote approximately 25% of his business time to our affairs.

##### **Code of Ethics**

We have not adopted a Code of Ethics that governs the conduct of our officer.

##### **Audit Committee**

We do not have a formal audit committee or an audit committee financial expert. We do not have an audit committee financial expert because we believe the cost related to retaining a financial expert at this time is prohibitive. Further, because we have limited operations, at the present time, we believe the services of a financial expert are not warranted.

#### **Item 11: Executive Compensation**

The following table sets forth the compensation paid by us for the last three completed fiscal years ending for our officer. This information includes the dollar value of base salaries, bonus awards and number of stock options granted, and certain other compensation, if any. The compensation discussed addresses all compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to named executive officers.

**EXECUTIVE OFFICER COMPENSATION TABLE**

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Stock Awards	Option Awards	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation	Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings	All Other Compensation	Total
Rami Tabet	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>President</b>	2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

The compensation discussed herein addresses all compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to our named executive officers.

There are no stock option plans, retirement, pension, or profit sharing plans for the benefit of our officers and directors.

**Compensation of Directors**

Our sole director is not compensated for his services as a director. The board has not implemented a plan to award options to any directors. There are no contractual arrangements with any member of the board of directors. We have no director's service contracts.

**Change of Control**

We do not have any pension plans or compensatory plans or other arrangements which provide compensation in the event of a termination of employment or a change in our control.

**Item 12: Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters**

The following table sets forth information as of April 30, 2015 regarding the ownership of our common stock by each shareholder known by us to be the beneficial owner of more than five percent of our outstanding shares of common stock, each director and all executive officers and directors as a group. Except as otherwise indicated, each of the shareholders has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares of common stock beneficially owned.

Title of Class	Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of class
Common Stock	Rami Tabet	2,000,000	57.14%
Common Stock	Directors and officers as a group consisting of one person	3,500,000	57.14%

The percent of class is based on 3,500,000 shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of the date of this annual report.

### **Item 13: Certain Relationships and Related Transactions**

None of the following parties has, since our date of incorporation, had any material interest, direct or indirect, in any transaction with us or in any presently proposed transaction that has or will materially affect us:

- \* Any of our directors or officers;
- \* Any person proposed as a nominee for election as a director;
- \* Any person who beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, shares carrying more than 5% of the voting rights attached to our outstanding shares of common stock;
- \* Our sole promoter, Rami Tabet;
- \* Any relative or spouse of any of the foregoing persons who has the same house as such person;
- \* Immediate family members of directors, director nominees, executive
- \* officers and owners of 5% or more of our common stock

### **Item 14: Principal Accountant Fees and Services**

#### **Audit Fees**

For the years ended April 30, 2015 and 2014, the aggregate fees billed by George Stewart, CPA for professional services rendered for the audit of our annual consolidated financial statements were:

2015	\$	2,200
2014	\$	4,100

#### **Audit Related Fees**

For the years ended April 30, 2015 and 2014, the aggregate fees billed for assurance and related services by George Stewart, CPA relating to the performance of the audit of our financial statements which are not reported under the caption "Audit Fees" above, were:

2015	Nil
2014	Nil

#### **Tax Fees**

For the years ended April 30, 2015 and 2014, the aggregate fees billed by George Stewart, CPA for other non-audit professional services, other than those services listed above, totaled:

2015	Nil
2014	Nil

#### **All Other Fees**

For the years ended April 30, 2015 and 2014, the aggregate fees billed by George Stewart, CPA for other non-audit professional services, other than those services listed above, totaled:

2015	\$	6,600
2014	\$	6,300

The other fees consist of George Stewart, CPA's review of our reviews of our interim unaudited financial statements.

We do not use George Stewart, CPA for financial information system design and implementation. These services, which include designing or implementing a system that aggregates source data underlying the financial statements or generates information that is significant to our financial statements, are provided internally or by other service providers. We do not engage George Stewart CPA to provide compliance outsourcing services.

Effective May 6, 2003, the Securities and Exchange Commission adopted rules that require that before George Stewart CPA is engaged by us to render any auditing or permitted non-audit related service, the engagement be:

- approved by our board of directors who are capable of analyzing and evaluating financial information; or
- entered into pursuant to pre-approval policies and procedures established by the board of directors, provided the policies and procedures are detailed as to the particular service, the board of directors is informed of each service, and such policies and procedures do not include delegation of the board of directors' responsibilities to management.

The board of directors pre-approves all services provided by our independent auditors. All of the above services and fees were reviewed and approved by the board of directors either before or after the respective services were rendered.

#### **Item 15: Exhibits**

The following exhibits are filed as part of this annual report.

#### **Exhibits:**

**31.1** Certification Statement of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002

**32.1** Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer under Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

**101** Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T.

101.INS XBRL Instance Document\*\*

101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document\*\*

101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document\*\*

101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document\*\*

101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document\*\*

101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document\*\*

\*\* In accordance with Regulation S-T, the XBRL-formatted interactive data files that comprise Exhibit 101 in this Annual Report on Form 10-K shall be deemed "furnished" and not "filed".

**SIGNATURES**

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**WISHBONE PET PRODUCTS INC.**

Dated: June 29, 2015

By: /s/ Rami Tabet

Rami Tabet, President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief  
Financial Officer





**Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)**

I, Rami Tabet, hereby certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Wishbone Pet Products Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: June 29, 2015

/s/ Rami Tabet

Rami Tabet

Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer

Principal Executive Officer, Principal Accounting Officer and  
Principal Financial Officer

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**CERTIFICATION**  
**Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**  
**(18 U.S.C. 1350)**

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of (18 U.S.C. 1350), the undersigned officer of Wishbone Pet Products Inc., a Nevada corporation (the "Company"), does hereby certify, to the best of such officer's knowledge and belief, that:

1. The Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2015 (the "Form 10-K") of the Company fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Form 10-K fairly presents, in all materials respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: June 29, 2015

*/s/ Rami Tabet*

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Rami Tabet  
Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer  
Principal Executive Officer, Principal Accounting Officer and  
Principal Financial Officer

This certification shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. Such certification will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act or the Securities Exchange Act.

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